

Trusted operating system

Trusted Operating System (TOS) generally refers to an <u>operating system</u> that provides sufficient support for <u>multilevel security</u> and evidence of correctness to meet a particular set of government requirements.

The most common set of criteria for trusted operating system design is the <u>Common Criteria</u> combined with the <u>Security Functional Requirements</u> (SFRs) for Labeled Security Protection Profile (LSPP) and <u>mandatory access control</u> (MAC). The Common Criteria is the result of a multi-year effort by the governments of the U.S., Canada, United Kingdom, France, Germany, the Netherlands and other countries <u>[1]</u> to develop a harmonized security criteria for IT products.

Examples

Examples of certified trusted operating systems are:

- Apple Mac OS X 10.6 (Rated EAL 3+[2])
- HP-UX 11i v3 (Rated EAL 4+)
- Some Linux distributions (Rated up to EAL 4+)
- Microsoft Windows 7 and Microsoft Server 2008 R2 (Rated EAL 4+[3])
- AIX 5L with PitBull Foundation (Rated EAL 4+^[4])
- Trusted Solaris
- Trusted UNICOS 8.0 (Rated B1^[5])
- XTS-400 (Rated EAL5+[6])
- IBM VM (SP, BSE, HPO, XA, ESA, etc.) with RACF

Examples of operating systems that might be certifiable are:

- FreeBSD with the TrustedBSD extensions^[7]
- SELinux (see FAQ (http://www.nsa.gov/research/selinux/faqs.shtml#I12))

Companies that have created trusted operating systems include:

- Addamax (BSD, SVR3, SVR4, HP/UX)
- Argus Systems Group (Solaris, AIX, Linux)
- AT&T (System V)
- BAE Systems (XTS Unix)
- Bull (AIX)
- Data General (DG/UX)
- Digital Equipment Corporation (Ultrix)
- Forcepoint (Hardened SELinux)
- Gemini Computers (GEMSOS)
- General Dynamics C4 Systems (Linux)
- Harris Corporation (SVR3, SVR4)

- Hewlett-Packard (HP/UX)
- Honeywell (Multics)
- IBM (OS/390, AIX)
- SCO (SCO Unix)
- Secure Computing Corporation (LOCK, Mach, BSD)
- SecureWare (Apple A/UX, HP/UX, SCO)
- Sequent Computer Systems (Dynix/ptx)
- Silicon Graphics (IRIX)
- Sun Microsystems (SunOS, Solaris)
- Trusted Information Systems (Xenix, Mach)

See also

- Common Criteria
- Comparison of operating systems
- Security-evaluated operating system
- Security-focused operating system

References

- 1. List of member of the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement: http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org/ccra/members/
- 2. Common Criteria certification report http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org/files/epfiles/0536a_pdf.pdf
- 3. Common Criteria certification report http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org/files/epfiles/st_vid10390-vr.pdf
- 4. List of AIX certifications on [1] (https://web.archive.org/web/20081204033521/http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/power/software/aix/certifications/index.html)
- 5. "Australian Signals Directorate" (http://www.dsd.gov.au/infosec/epl/index_details.php?product_id=MjE0lyMjMjEzLjIxMy4yNDYuMjE3).
- Common Criteria Certification report http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org/files/epfiles/st_vid10293-vr.pdf
- 7. FreeBSD statement about support of Common Criteria requirements: "Support" (https://web.archive.org/web/20120331193226/http://www.freebsd.org/doc/en/articles/linux-comparison/freebsd-support.html). Archived from the original (http://www.freebsd.org/doc/en/articles/linux-comparison/freebsd-support.html) on 2012-03-31. Retrieved 2011-11-19.

External links

- Common Criteria Portal certified products (http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org/products/)
- NSA FAQ on SELinux (http://www.nsa.gov/research/selinux/faqs.shtml)
- Argus Systems (http://www.argus-systems.com/)